

CODE: 196201
NOVEMBER 2020

TIME: 3Hrs
MAX. MARKS : 50

PART A
Answer any **TEN** questions

(10 x 2=20)

1. State the Gauss's divergence theorem,
2. State the Green's theorem,
3. What do you mean by diagonalisation of a matrix?
4. State Cayley-Hamilton's theorem.
5. If A_{ij} is an anti-symmetric tensor of second order and u^i is a tensor of rank one, then show that $A_{ij} u^i u^j = 0$.
6. Define invariant tensor.
7. State Cauchy's integral theorem.
8. Differentiate between the analytic and singular point of a function.
9. What is meant by a cyclic group?
10. Define subgroup. Give an example.
11. Write down the Levi-Civita symbol.
12. Define rank of a matrix.

PART B
Answer any **TWO** questions

(2 x 5=10)

13. Explain the concept of divergence and curl.
14. (i) If A is a real skew-symmetric matrix and $A^2 + I = 0$, then show that A is orthogonal. (ii) If H is a Hermitian matrix, what kind of matrix is e^{iH} ?
15. Define and explain the addition and subtraction of tensors with example.
16. Find the residues of $\frac{ze^{iz}}{z^4 + a^4}$ at its poles.
17. Give the necessary condition for $f(z)$ to be analytic and deduce the Cauchy Riemann equation.
18. Give the properties of matrices in brief.
19. Discuss in brief on character tables and its construction.
20. Evaluate $\int \frac{e^z dz}{z(z-1)^2}$, where c is the circle $|z|=2$.

PART C
Answer any **TWO** questions

(2x10=20)

21. Obtain the orthonormal set of vectors from the given set of vectors using Gram – Schmidt's orthogonalisation process $\bar{u}_1 = (1,1,1)$, $\bar{u}_2 = (1,0,1)$, $\bar{u}_3 = (0,0,1)$.

22. (a) Diagonalise the following matrices: (i) $\begin{bmatrix} 4/3 & \sqrt{2}/3 \\ \sqrt{2}/3 & 5/3 \end{bmatrix}$, (ii) $\begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & 0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

(b) Show that in Cartesian coordinate system the contravariant and covariant components of a vector are identical.

23. (i) Write note on contravariant and covariant tensor.

(ii) If A^μ and B_ν are the components of a contravariant and covariant tensors of rank one show that

$C^\mu_\nu = A^\mu B_\nu$ are the components of a mixed tensors of rank two.

24. (a) State and prove the Cauchy residue theorem,

b) Find poles and residues at the poles for the following functions (i) $\frac{z}{\cos z}$, (ii) $\frac{z+1}{z^2+2z}$

25. (a) Show that any tensor of rank can be expressed as sum of symmetric and anti-symmetric tensor both of rank 2.

(b) Construct the character table for C_{3V} point group.
